#### **Curriculum Vitae**

Full Name: Falguni Guharay Birthday: 6<sup>th</sup> March 1956

Home Address: Bosque de Altamira A-193, Managua, Nicaragua 14260,

Email address: fguharay@gmail.com

Current position: Program manager, Latin America, Climate Smart Cocoa,

World Cocoa Foundation

### 1. Educational records

1971-1975 B.Sc.: G.B. Pant University of Ag & Tech/College of Agriculture/ Plant Protection 1975-1977 M.Sc.: Indian Agricultural Research Institute/PG School/Division of Entomology 1979-1982 Ph.D..: University of Nottingham/School of Biology/Department of Zoology 1982-1985 Post-Doc: State University of New York, Buffalo/Department of Biophysics

## 2. Degrees obtained

1975 May B.Sc. (Hons) Ag. & A. H (G.B. Pant University of Ag & Tech, Pantnagar, India) 1977 August M.Sc. Entomology (Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi, India) 1982 August Ph.D. Zoology (University of Nottingham, Nottingham, UK)

## 3. Employment record reflecting teaching, research and administrative experience

From	То	Name of employing institution and title of	Budget holding and
		the job	supervision of employees
2016	Present	World Cocoa Foundation, U.S.A,	Annual budget of USD
Oct		Program manager Central America	150,000 and supervised
		and Caribbean, Climate Smart Cocoa	2-3 employees
2013	2016	International Center for Tropical	Annual budget of USD
Dec	Aug	Agriculture (CIAT), Colombia and	200,000 and supervised 5
		Nicaragua, Research for	employees
		Development Scientist	
2013	2013	European Union, IFC-World Bank,	Annual budget of USD
Jan	Nov	Norwegian Embassy, International	100,000 and supervised 6
		Consultant	employees
2008	2012	Mesoamerican Information Service	Annual budget of USD
Jan	Dec	for Sustainable Agriculture (SIMAS),	500,000 and supervised
		Nicaragua. Coordinator	12 employees
2005	2007	JICA, European Union, World Bank,	Annual budget of USD
Jan	Dec	Norwegian and Danish	100,000 and supervised 5
		Cooperation, Consultant Central	employees
		America	
2001	2004	Tropical Agronomic Center for	Annual budget of USD
Jan	Dec	Research and Education (CATIE),	2,000,000 and supervised
		Central America, Regional Program	25 employees
		Leader, IPM and Agroforestry and	
		Associate Professor	

1991	2000	Tropical Agronomic Center for	Annual budget of USD
Jun	Dec	Research and Education (CATIE),	1,500,000 and supervised
		Central America, Senior Scientist,	25 employees
		IPM and Agroforestry, Associate	
		Professor	
1985	1990	School of Plant protection, National	Annual budget of USD
Aug	Dec	Agricultural University, Nicaragua,	100,000 and supervised
		Professor and Research Director	15 employees
1982	1985	Department of Biophysics, SUNY	Annual budget of USD
Nov	July	Buffalo, USA	400,000 and supervised 2
		Research Associate Professor	employees

#### 4. Innovations

1996-1999

How to implement and scale Community monitoring of vector population and decision-making for disease control (Malaria and Leptospirosis)? Brought together epidemiologists, vector control experts and educational specialists of Local Health system (SILAIS) and Ministry of health to implement biological control of vectors in Managua, based on observations and analysis in 30 km long coastal area of Managua, Nicaragua, resulting in reduction of Malaria from 20,000 in 1996 to 2,000 in 1998 and there was no incidence of Leptospirosis in the capital. Since then biological control of vectors has become the national strategy in Nicaragua, eliminating incidence of malaria in Nicaragua by 2014.

1985-2004

How can we use bio-control agents based on entomopathogenous fungus for control of pests of coffee, rice, sugarcane and cabbage? Lead a multi-disciplinary research program to develop and disseminate technologies for utilizing biological control agents like Beauveria bassiana and Metarhizium anisopliae for the control of coffee berry borer, rice stink bug, cabbage diamond back moth, sweet pepper weevil and spittle bug in sugarcane. Currently these agents are utilized for control of many key pests in nearly 100,000 ha in Nicaragua and Central America eliminating partially or totally the use of extremely toxic pesticides.

2008-2012

How can we use Internet for public monitoring of development cooperation and impact? Developed local capacity to construct Internet based license free data systems to carry out participatory assessment of knowledge, attitude, practice, perception and current state of affair of a wide range of themes including sustainable agriculture, governance of natural resources, equity and diversity, tailored to the capacity and need of a wide range of users with little or no previous ITC experience. A wide range of public information platforms based on such systems are now being used as knowledge harvesting centers all across Nicaragua and Central America.

### 5. Other Achievements and Performances

# (1) Appreciable academic achievements

Academic achievements	Knowledge development and impact
Elucidated biophysical	A milestone discovery that generated first direct evidence of
basis of mechanoreception	functioning a mechano-receptive ion channel as a prototype
by discovering stretch	mechanism of stretch sensitivity. Results published two highly
activated ion channels.	referenced papers in Journal of Physiology opened up a new area
1984-85	of research which has been pursued by many groups to develop
	academic and practical knowledge which may lead to therapy of
	a number of physiological disorders.
Elucidated host-plant	Ten years of rigorous field work generated the knowledge base
relation and population	of management of green hoppers as vector of Micoplasma and
dynamics of green hoppers	Spiroplasma, including development of tolerant varieties,
as vectors of Micoplasma	resulting in recovering production and yield of white maize in
and Spiroplasma in Maize	dry tropics of Nicaragua, thus contributing to long-term food
1985-1995	security in the region.
Elucidated host-plant	Ten years of rigorous field work generated the knowledge base
relation and population	of integrated pest management of white flies as vector of Gemini
dynamics of white fly as	Virus of tomatoes and beans, resulting in recovering production
vectors of Gemini Virus of	and yield of these crops in dry tropics of Nicaragua, thus
tomatoes and beans 1990-	contributing to long-term food security in the region.
2000	
Elucidated food web	Twenty years of rigorous field work generated the knowledge
dynamics of coffee and	base for the management of coffee and cocoa pests and diseases
cocoa pests as influenced	via improved design and management of agroforestry systems,
by Agroforestry systems	resulting in recovering production and yield of these crops in
design and management	highlands and wetlands Nicaragua and the region, thus
1990-2010	contributing to long-term improvement of farm household
	income in the region.

# (2) Experience of collaborative international research

2014-2016 How to implement a diverse portfolio of research for development projects with local stakeholders? Based on the entry themes a diverse portfolio of research-for-development project was implemented by the partner organizations in Nicaragua, Haiti and Dominican Republic. Themes included decision-making tools, management of soil fertility, common codes and practices for multiple certifications, public policy and agency of rural women and market access by remote communities. Project portfolios were able to generate new and relevant knowledge in a very short time (Funded by CGIAR).

- 2014-2015 How to carry out territorial analysis with a wide range of stakeholders? An integrated and systemic analytical framework was used to carry out participatory territorial analysis that took into account farm realities, families, communities, markets, and policies. It was collective learning process in which the local actors analyzed territorial data and information, identified gaps in knowledge and built a collective vision that would be become the basis for developing theories of change for each field site (Funded by CGIAR).
- 2013-2014 How to carry out situational analysis with a wide range of stakeholders? Existing data and information on human development, natural resource management, production systems, and markets was processed to generate outputs in form of maps that depicted the current state of development indicators. At the same time, a collective vision of the dynamics of the local innovation process was constructed. Collective analysis of the information resulted in convergence of interests and identification of priority to land use systems and field sites in which to work (Funded by CGIAR).
- 2008-2012 How can we use the internet for public monitoring of development cooperation and impact? Participatory assessment of knowledge, attitude, practice and perception of a wide range of themes including sustainable agriculture, governance of natural resources, equity and diversity was embedded in Internet based license free systems customized to the capacity and need of a wide range of users with little or no previous ITC experience. The public information platforms are now being used as knowledge harvesting centers (Funded by multiple donors).
- 2001-2009 How can we improve local innovation networks? Participatory methods were developed to analyze and study roles and capacity of rural organizations to access and analyze information. The research demonstrated how local systems are producing innovations at a slow rate and low efficiency. Ideas were developed for improving information seeking routines, using collaborative projects and strategic alliances. (Funded by World Bank)
- 1998-2003 How to strengthen local capacity and access information to manage ecological variability? Multi-disciplinary research was conducted for developing training and research in Crop management, based on ecology and participation. Key elements included: farmer group learning, technician training, multi-institutional groups of scientist-trainers and multi-institutional planning and monitoring of capacity for IPM implementation (Funded by NORAD)
- How to experiment and learn about natural control of pests and develop better understanding of the role of bio-diversity for pest management? Small have a weaker understanding of life cycles and trophic relationships, are not familiar with specific diseases and their causes and often employ poorly-timed and ill-directed pest management practices. A participatory group learning approach by crop stage was developed and put into practice with more than 15,000 farm households to strengthen farmers' capacity for field observation, ecological reasoning, and planning and decision-making (Funded by NORAD)

1985-1998 How can we use bio-control agents for control of pests of coffee, rice, sugarcane and cabbage? Multi-disciplinary research program was carried out to develop and disseminate technologies for utilizing biological control agents like Beauveria bassiana and Metarhizium anisopliae for the control of coffee berry borer, rice stink bug, cabbage diamond back moth, sweet pepper weevil and spittle bug in sugarcane. Currently these agents are utilized for control of many key pests in nearly 100,000 ha in Nicaragua and Central America (funded by MFA, Norway; World Bank; Inter-American development Bank)

1996-1999 How to implement and scale Community monitoring of vector population and decision-making for disease control (Malaria and Leptospirosis)? Epidemiologists, vector control experts and educational specialists of Local Health system (SILAIS) and Ministry of health came together to implement biological control of vectors in Managua resulting in reduction of Malaria from 20,000 in 1996 to 2,000 in 1998 and there was no incidence of Leptospirosis in the capital. Since then biological control of vectors has become the national strategy in Nicaragua, eliminating incidence of malaria by 2014. (Funded by European Union ECHO and Movimondo MOLISV)

(3) Achievements of educational activity, human resource development and social action program:

2015	Theory of change of the learning alliances and its members (CIAT, Bioversity) Technicians
2014	Situation and territorial analysis (CIAT, Bioversity). Technicians, Producers
2013	Preparation and delivery of effective extension methodologies for FFS (SIRDI IICA) Technicians.
2012	Effective learning campaigns in the territories with study circle, radio and video (SIMAS)
2011	Formulation of renewable energy projects. National Engineering University (UNI). M.Sc. students
2010	Participatory natural resource management. Central American University (UCA). M.Sc. students
2009	Communication for development, Central American University (UCA) M.Sc. students
2007	Participatory natural resource management. Central American University (UCA). M.Sc. students
2006	Ecological management of Cocoa, IPADE-IP, Rio San Juan, Nicaragua. Field technicians
2006	Agroecology and Rural development, University of California, Santa Barbara-SIMAS
2005	Innovation and Rural development. American University (UAM), Nicaragua M.Sc. students

- 2003 IPM and Agroforestry implementation based on ecology and participation, CATIE M.Sc. students

Biological control of agricultural pests, CATIE, UNAN León, UNA, Nicaragua B.Sc. students

- 2002 Ecological management of vegetable pests, CATIE M.Sc. students
- 2001 Ecological management of coffee pests, CATIE M.Sc. students
- 1995 Basic concepts of IPM, CATIE M.Sc. students

2004

- 1988 Experimental methods, National Agricultural University, Managua Nicaragua. B.Sc. students
- 1987 Ecological management of vegetables, National Agricultural University, Nicaragua B.Sc. students
- 1986 Agricultural Pesticides, National Agricultural University, Managua Nicaragua B.Sc. students
- 1983 Neurobiology, State University of NY, Buffalo, USA, Students of Medical School.
- Neurobiology, Open University, Nottingham, U.K, Undergraduate Science students. 1981
- 1978 Insect physiology, IARI, New Delhi, Teaching Assistant, M.Sc. Students

### 9. Membership and Services in Professional Societies

- Fellow of The World Academy of Science for the advancement of science in developing countries (TWAS) 2019-
- Member of Agroecological Society of Latin America (SOCLA) 2019-
- Member of National Academy of Science, Nicaragua 2019-
- Member of Learning network on Small Farmers Agency for Globalized Markets, IIED and HIVOS 2009-2010
- Member of Latin American team for International assessment of Science and technology for development (www.iaastd.org) 2004-2008
- Science and technology advisor to RAMACAFE: an international coffee event (www.ramacafe.org) 2005-2007

# 10. Outstanding Achievement

- National Merit Scholarship for resident students, Govt. of India 1966-1972
- National Scholarship for Ph.D. studies, Govt. of India 1978-1981
- Research Scientist of the year, CATIE 2003
- Coffee personality Nicaragua, RAMACAFE, 2006
- Outstanding staff, WCF, 2017, 2018

### 11. Research and development Funds Raised

2016-2017	Scaling Climate Smart Coffee agroforestry of high value in northern Nicaragua to
	plant 1000 ha of coffee agroforestry plots with diversity of products and ecosystem
	services. (US\$ 4,000,000 funded by IBD FOMIN and Aldea Global)
2014-2015	I and II phase of Mass media campaign project for fostering community
	stewardship to prevent youth violence and drug abuse in Caribbean Coast and Pacific
	area of Nicaragua (US\$2,500,000, funded by U.S. Embassy to FADCANIC)
2014-2015	Capacity development projects for organizational analysis and analysis of public
	policy with gender lens (US\$ 20,000, funded by ILRI to CIAT)
2014-2016	Research for development projects: Development of toolkit for improved decision-
	making, Development of common codes and practices for multiple certifications,
	Impact of public policy and programs on the agency of rural women and Market
	access by remote communities (US\$ 220,000 funded by IITA to CIAT)
2009-2012	Development projects on fostering local innovation capacity for sustainable and
	equitable development of dryland and highland territories of Nicaragua
	(US\$2.000.000 funded by ICCO, HIVOS, EED-PPM, CAFOD, TROCAIRE, APN,
	SWISSAID, INFOAGRAR, GREENGRANT to SIMAS).
2004-2005	Strengthening local capacity for innovation to face the challenges of sustainable
	development in dryland, highland and high watershed territories of Central America
	(US\$ 5,000,000 NORAD to CATIE)
1998-2004	III phase of <b>Regional program</b> for implementation of integrated pest management
	and agroforestry based on ecology and participation in Nicaragua, Honduras, El

Salvador, Guatemala and Costa Rica (US\$10,000,000 NORAD to CATIE).

1995-1998 II phase of **National program** for scaling integrated pest management and

agroforestry based on ecology and participation in Nicaragua, (US\$4,000,000

NORAD to CATIE).

1990-1995 I phase of **National program** for developing technology and methods for scaling

integrated pest management and agroforestry based on ecology and participation in

Nicaragua, (US\$5,000,000 NORAD to CATIE).

**12. Languages:** Read, Write and speak fluently:

English, Spanish, Bengali, Hindi

#### 13. References

Name: Dr. Marie-Soleil Turmel,

Position: Regional Technical Advisor - Soil Scientist

Organization: Catholic Relief Services - Latin America and the Caribbean Region

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Name: Dr. Rein Van der Hoek

Position: Coordinator, Central America and Caribbean flagship, Humidtropics

Organization: International Center for Tropical Agriculture CIAT

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Name: Dr. Muhammad Ibrahim

Position: Director General

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Name: Dr. Allan Hruska

Position: Senior Agricultural Officer (TCIA)

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